The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday July 16. to Monday July 20. 1685.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

JAMES R.

WHereas in the time of the late Rebellion, We, upon just Grounds, gave Order for the Apprehending of Henry *Lord* De la Mere, *to the end he might enter into Security to Us for keeping of the Peace towards Us and Our Subjects during that Rebellion; And although he had notice thereof, and was several times Advertised to Render himself; yet in Contempt of Our Authority, and to render Our Commands for the Preservation of the Peace of Our Kingdoms ineffectual, did abscond himself, and yet doth abscond himself, contrary to the Duty of a Good Subject, whereby he hath given Us good Cause to suspect his Fidelity towards Us. We therefore, with the Advice of Our Privy-Council, do Command, Publish, and Declare by this Our Proclamation, That the said* Henry *Lord* De la Mere *do, within Ten days after the Date hereof, appear before Us in Our Privy Council, upon pain of being Proceeded against for his Contempt to Our Royal Commands, according to the Laws of this Our Kingdom.*

Given at Our Court at *Whiteball*, the 19th day of *July*, 1685. In the First Year of Our Reign.

Genoua, July 10. The French Gallies, according to the last advice we had of them, were still at *Leghorn*, expecting 10 more from *Marseilles* to joyn them. The last week sailed from hence the *Advice* and *Sarah* for *Palermo*, the *Scanderberg* for *Lisbon*, and the *Valentine* for *Cadiz*.

Venice, July 3. They write from *Dalmatia* that the Bassa of *Bossina*, to repair the Disgrace the Turks lately suffered at *Duare*, having been forced by the Troops of this State to retire from thence in great disorder, had drawn all the Force he could together, and was marching with a resolution to renew the Siege of that Fortress; And that the Proveditore General *Valier* having notice of it, was likewise marching to oppose him. We have advice by a Vessel arrived here from *Brindisi*, that Captain General *Morosini* is sailed with the Fleet under his Command towards *Lepanto*. They write from *Zant* that a Brigantin was arrived there from *Suda*, the Master whereof reported, That the Turkish Fleet consisting of 50 Gallies, and several Men of War, was still in the Port of *Scio*, and that the Captain Bassa had been forced to disarm 10 of those Gallies, the better to Man the rest. There are Letters from *Constantinople* of the 15th of the last month, which tell us, that the Grand Visier had sent a Chaous with a sum of Money to *Argiers* to fit out there 10 Men of War. That 3500 Spahees were arrived at *Trebisonde*, and that 4000 more were expected from the *Black Sea*, having been raised on the Frontiers of *Persia*. That *Ibrahim*, formerly Bassa of *Babylon*, and now of *Damas*, was come to *Adrianople* with 1500, but that immediately after his arrival, his Government was taken from him, and that he himself was in great danger of being Strangled, for that he had not brought with him 3000 men, according to the Grand Signior's order.

Warsaw, June 29. The Court continues at *Villanoua*, and many begin to think the King will not go into the Field this Summer, but that he will leave the Command of the Army to the Ryx Mareschal, and himself take a journey towards *Prussia* to settle several Affairs which want his Presence there. The Troops in the mean time are marching to the General Rendervous, but so slowly, that it will be towards the end of the next moth before they are in a Body. The Great Mareschal and most of the General Officers are still here; They had this week a Conference with the Popes Nuncio, who has received a very considerable sum of Money from *Rome* for the Service of this Campagne, but he seems unwilling to distribute it without some assurance that the War will be more vigorously prosecuted this Summer than it was the last. The General of the Cossacks that are Tributary to the Port, having written to *Mobila*, who commands those under the Protection of this Crown, to perswade him to quit the Service he is in, and to put himself into that of the Grand Signior, assuring him in that case of great Preferment and Reward, the said *Mobila* hath sent this Letter to the King, accompanying it with Protestations of his unalterable Fidelity to him and the Crown of *Poland*. Since which the said *Mobila* has, we hear, attacked 10000 Tartars that had posted themselves near *Ratiskaw*, and routed them, killing many of them upon the place, and obliging the rest to repass the *Niester* in great disorder. The States of *Prussia* are to meet the 11th of the next month at *Graudentz*, to agree about the way of raising their proportion of the nine Millions of Livres which the Dyet granted in their last Session, for the supporting the present War against the Turks.

Vienna, July 5. The Letters from *Hungary* tell us, that the Imperial Parties had taken several Persons which came out of *Newheusel*, and among these an Officer who in the disguise of a Peasant was going to *Buda* with Letters from the Bassa of *Newheusel*, who therein gives the Visier of *Buda* an account of the great distress the Garison is in. That they had eaten the Flesh of Horses, Dogs, *&c.* since the beginning of the last month, and that they could not defend the place without a speedy relief. The Turks have not yet this Summer, that we hear of, passed the Bridge of *Essek* in any considerable Body; And at most they will not have above 60000 men in *Hungary* this Campagne; And of these the greatest part are raw and undisciplined Men. The Imperial Army was the first Instant within a mile of *Newheusel*, so that the place is by this time formally Besieged; The Duke of *Lorrain* intended to post most of his Horse and some Foot to secure the Passages of the River *Gran*; And has put